

Letter

Title OSFI exempts uninsured mortgage straight switches from the prescribed MQR and implements portfolio LTI limits

Category Sound Business and Financial Practices

Date November 21, 2024

Sector Banks

Foreign Bank Branches

Life Insurance and Fraternal Companies
Property and Casualty Companies
Trust and Loan Companies

To: Federally regulated financial institutions

Effective today, OSFI will no longer prescribe the <u>minimum qualifying rate (MQR)</u> that it expects federally regulated financial institutions (institutions) to apply when uninsured mortgage borrowers switch to a new institution at renewal. This change applies only when transferring an existing stand-alone1 uninsured mortgage from one institution to another with no increases in the remaining contractual mortgage amortization period or the loan amount2 – commonly referred to as an uninsured "straight switch". With this change, OSFI is balancing its prudential mandate with the need to allow financial institutions to compete effectively and take reasonable risks.

When considering an uninsured straight switch application, an institution should assess the loan like any other new origination and should continue to apply principles of sound residential mortgage underwriting set out in Guideline B-20. These expectations include due diligence on the borrower and assessment of their willingness and capacity to service their debt obligations. Debt service ratios should be calculated conservatively and appropriately stressed for varied financial and economic conditions, such as reduced income or higher interest rates. An institution should contemplate current and future conditions when it considers qualifying rates and make appropriate judgments, aligned with its risk appetite and Residential Mortgage Underwriting Policy (RMUP).

Earlier this year, <u>OSFI announced the introduction of loan-to-income (LTI) limits</u> on the uninsured mortgage portfolios of institutions. These limits do not apply to individual borrowers or transactions. Instead, they will

mitigate risks from high household indebtedness within institutions' mortgage portfolios. Institutions are expected to adhere to LTI limits beginning in their fiscal Q1 2025. OSFI will closely monitor the implementation of the LTI limit framework and assess its effectiveness over time.

OSFI constantly reviews its existing guidance and expectations to ensure they remain effective and fit-for-purpose. This helps ensure regulatory efforts are focused on key risks and regulatory burden is managed. The LTI limit framework and Superintendent-prescribed MQR for uninsured mortgages are both intended to reduce mortgage lending risks in Canada. Given the common purpose of these two measures, OSFI will consider the continued need for a Superintendent-prescribed MQR for uninsured mortgage originations following the full and successful implementation of the LTI limit framework.

Footnotes

| <u>1</u> | Stand-alone refers to uninsured residential mortgages, outside of combined loan plans, that are amortizing |
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| | and not readvanceable. |

| 2 | The unpaid principal balance may be increased by \$3,000 to cover related transaction costs such as penalties |
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| | or fees. Equity take out is not permitted. |