

# **Regulatory and legislative advisory**

Title	Substantial Investments - Appendix A.6	
Category	Regulatory and legislative	
Date	June 30, 2015	
Sector	Bank Act	
	Cooperative Credit Associations Act	
	Insurance Companies Act	
	Trust and Loan Companies Act	

## Table of Contents

#### Appendix A.6 – Associations Permitted Entities

#### Footnotes

## Appendix A.6 – Associations Permitted Entities

## This document has been prepared for convenience of reference only and has no official sanction. For all purposes of interpreting and applying the law, users should consult the TLCA and relevant regulations.

#### Notes:

- 1. In this Appendix,
  - **EAIRs** stands for *Exemption from Approval for Certain Investments in Intragroup Service Entities Regulations;*
  - ERIRs stands for Exemption from Restrictions on Investments Regulations; and
  - **IRs** stands for *Minority Investment Regulations or Investments in Associations and Cooperatively-owned Entities Regulations*, as applicable.
- 2. Other abbreviations in this Appendix have the meaning ascribed to them on pages 1 and 2 of the Advisory.
- 3. Unless otherwise stated, references in this Appendix to (a) regulations are to regulations made under the CCAA and (b) provisions are to provisions of the CCAA.

- 4. Classes of entities 2 to 6 below comprise OEs only (i.e., 390(2) entities only).
- 5. A single OE can fall within more than one OE class listed below, depending on its business activities.
- 6. The control and approval requirements and business restrictions listed below refer to the ones imposed by

the CCAA's investment regime.

Classes of Entitie	S	Control Requirement?	Approval Requirement?	Business Restrictions?
<b>1. REs</b> This class comprises entities listed in 390(1).	a. FRE [390(1)(a) to (d)]	Control in fact, except if in compliance with IRs. [390(4)(a)]	No, except that Minister's approval is required under ownership provisions of the applicable Statute.	No.
	b. Provincially regulated financial institution [390(1)(e) to (g)]	Same as 1(a) above.	Superintendent's approval in all cases except where Minister's approval is required. [390(6) and (7)(c)] Minister's approval is required where the association acquires control of the entity from <b>a person</b> who is not a member of the association's group, as defined in 386(2). [390(5)(a)]	No.

c. Foreign	Control in fact,	Minister's approval is	No.
regulated	except	required where the	
financial	• if in	association:	
institution <u>1</u>	compliance	<ul> <li>acquires control of</li> </ul>	
[390(1)(h)]	with IRs;	the entity from <b>an</b>	
	[390(4)(a)] or	FRE that is not a	
	• where the	member of the	
	foreign law	association's group,	
	does not	as defined in	
	permit	386(2);	
	control	[390(5)(b)] or	
	(association,	<ul> <li>has equity of at</li> </ul>	
	however,	least two billion	
	must add	dollars and	
	investment in	acquires control of	
	calculating	an entity with	
	minority	consolidated assets	
	investment	that exceed 10% of	
	cap under	the association's	
	IRs).	consolidated	
	[390(8)]	assets, as shown in	
		its last annual	
		statement, either	
		alone or when	
		combined with all	
		other acquisitions	
		by the association	
		of control of	
		foreign regulated	
		financial	
		institutions within	
		the preceding 12	
		months.	
		[390(5)(b.1)]	

2. Other financial intermediaries This class comprises OEs that engage in a financial intermediary activity that exposes the OE to material market or credit risk.	a. Factoring entity (defined in the <i>Factoring Entity</i> <i>Regulations</i> ) [390(2)(a)]	Control in fact, except • if in compliance with IRs; [390(4)(b)] or • in the case of a foreign entity, where the foreign law does not permit control (association, however, must add investment in calculating minority investment cap under IRs). [390(8)]	Superintendent's approval, except where: + the association is acquiring a controlling interest; [390(6) and (7)(b)] or + the entity provides services exclusively to the association the association or members of the association's group, as defined in 386(2). [section 1	By definition, a factoring entity's activities are limited to acting as a factor in respect of accounts receivable, including the related raising and lending of money. [section 1 of the <i>Factoring Entity</i> <i>Regulations</i> ] When raising money, however, the entity cannot engage in deposit-taking. [390(3)]
	b. Financial leasing entity (defined in 386(1)) [390(2)(a)]	Same as 2(a) above.	Same as 2(a) above.	By definition, a financial leasing entity's activities are limited to the financial leasing of certain personal property and the activities set out in section 3 of the <i>Financial</i> <i>Leasing Entity Regulations</i> , which include raising money. [386(1)] When raising money, however, the entity cannot engage in deposit-taking. [390(3)]

c. Finance	Same as 2(a) above.	No approval where entity	A finance entity is
entity		provides services	subject to the same
(defined in the		exclusively to the	restrictions as
Finance Entity		association or members	associations in the
Regulations)		of the association's group,	areas of fiduciary,
[390(2)(a)]		as defined in 386(2).	leasing, residential
		[section 1 of the EAIRs]	mortgage lending,
		In all other cases	securities dealing,
		In all other cases,	insurance business and
		<ul> <li>Superintendent's</li> </ul>	substantial investments
		approval is	activities. [390(3). With
		required except	respect to substantial
		where Minister's	investment activities,
		approval is	see also section 1 of
		required. [390(6)	the ERIRs where the
		and (7)(c)]	association does not
		<ul> <li>Minister's approval</li> </ul>	control the entity]
		is required where	In addition, the entity
		the association	-
		acquires control of	cannot engage in
		the entity from <b>an</b>	deposit-taking. [390(3)]
		<b>FRE</b> that is not a	
		member of the	
		association's	

group. [390(5)(b)]

d. Mutual fund entity and closed-end fund (both defined in 386(1)) [390(2)(e)]	No.	No.	By definition, both of these entities' activities are limited to investing their funds so as to provide investment diversification and professional investment management to the holders of their securities.
			In addition, these entities are subject to the same restrictions as associations in the area of substantial investments activities. [390(3)(d). See also section 1 of the ERIRs where the association does not control the entity]

e. Other	Same as 2(a) above.	Same as 2(c) above.	Same as 2(c) above,	
financial			except that no	
intermediaries,			restriction on insurance	
including			business activities.	
including				
• an				
investmer	1			
fund				
that is				
not a				
mutual				
fund				
entity or				
a closed-				
end				
fund;				
• an entity				
that				
engages				
in the				
business				
activities				
of a				
factoring				
entity				
and in				
one or				
more				
other				
business				
activities;				
and				
<ul> <li>an entity</li> </ul>				
that				
engages				
in the				
business				
activities				
of a				
financial				
leasing			r	ntial
entity				
and in				
one or				

3. Financial	Includes OEs that	No.	No.	A financial agent is
Agents	engage in the			subject to the same
	following activities:			restrictions as
				associations in the areas
	<ul> <li>acting as a</li> </ul>			of leasing, residential
	financial			mortgage lending and
	agent;			substantial investments
	<ul> <li>providing</li> </ul>			activities. [390(3). With
	investment			respect to substantial
	counselling			investment activities, se
	services;			also section 1 of the
	<ul> <li>providing</li> </ul>			ERIRs where the
	portfolio			association does not
	management			control the entity]
	services;			control the entry]
	<ul> <li>networking</li> </ul>			In addition, a financial
	financial			agent cannot engage in
	services; or			deposit-taking. [390(3)]
	<ul> <li>acting as a</li> </ul>			
	trustee for a			A financial agent is also
	mutual fund			subject to the same
	entity or a			restrictions as
	closed-end			associations in the area
	fund.			of:
	[390(2)(a)]			<ul> <li>fiduciary</li> </ul>
	Also includes a			activities, except
	mutual fund			when acting as a
	distribution entity,			trustee for a
	as defined in 386(1).			mutual fund
	[390(2)(e)]			entity or a closed
				end fund;
				[390(3)(a) and
				(3.1)]
				<ul> <li>securities dealing</li> </ul>
				except in the cas
				of a mutual fund
				distribution
				entity.
				[390(3)(b)]

### 4. Investment holding entities

This class comprises OEs whose business includes acquiring or holding shares of, or ownership interests in, entities that an association is permitted to hold or acquire. [390(2)(b)] a. Specialized financing entity (defined in the Specialized Financing Regulations as an entity that acquires or holds shares of, or ownership interests in, entities that a Company may acquire control of, or hold, acquire or increase a substantial investment in, under 388(4))

Control in fact, except:

- if in compliance with IRs;
   [390(4)(c)] or
- in the case of a foreign specialized financing entity, where the foreign law does not permit control (association, however, must add investment in calculating minority investment cap under IRs).
   [390(8)]

Superintendent's approval in all cases. [390(6)] A specialized financing entity is subject to the restrictions set out the *Specialized Financing Regulations*, including on controlling or holding shares of, or ownership interests in,

- an RE; or
- an OE that, in Canada,
  - primarily
     engages in
     financial
     leasing of
     motor
     vehicles,
     primarily
     engages in
    - operational leasing, or
  - acts as an insurance agent or broker.

In addition, a specialized financing entity is subject to the same restrictions as associations in the areas of fiduciary, leasing, residential mortgage lending, securities dealing and substantial investments activities. [390(3). With respect to substantial investment activities, see also section 1 of the ERIRs where the association does not control the specialized financing entitv1

b. Other	Control in fact,	Superintendent's approval	Such an investment
investment	except:	only if the association is	holding entity is subject
holding entity		acquiring a non-	to the same restrictions
i.e., an OE that	• if in	controlling interest.	as associations in the
acquires or	compliance	[390(6) and (7)(a)]	areas of fiduciary,
holds shares of,	with IRs;		leasing, residential
or ownership	[390(4)(c)(i)		mortgage lending,
interests in,	and (ii)]		securities dealing and
entities that a	• in the case of		substantial investments
Company is	a foreign		activities (with the
permitted to	investment		exception of temporary
acquire or hold	holding		investment activities
under:	entity, where		where the association
	the foreign		does not control the
• 375 -	law does not		investment holding
less than	permit		entity). [390(3). With
substantia	al control		respect to substantial
investmer	nts (association,		investment activities,
(portfolio	however,		see also section 1 of
investmer	nts); must add		the ERIRs where the
• 390 -	investment in		association does not
PEs;	calculating		control the investment
• 388(2)	minority		holding entity]
-investme	ents investment		
via an RE	cap under		In addition, such an
subsidiary	/; IRs); [390(8)]		entity cannot engage in
• 393 -	or		deposit-taking. [390(3)]
temporar	• where the		
investmer	nts investment		
(only if	holding entity		
the	does not		
associatio	n control or		
controls	hold any		
the	share of, or		
investmer	nt ownership		
holding	interest in,		
entity);	∘ an RE		
• 394 -	(class		
loan	1		
workouts;	entity)		
• 395 -	• a		Substantial Investments - Appendix /
realization			Page
of Of Of Of Of Of	erintendent of Financial Ins interme	diary	
security	(class		

5. Non- financial services entities	a. Entity that engages in information processing activities (i.e., activities referred to in 376(1)(g)) [390(2)(a)]	No.	Minister's approval except where the activities are carried on outside Canada. [390(5)(d)]	A non-financial services entity is subject to the same restrictions as associations in the areas of fiduciary, leasing, residential mortgage lending, securities dealing and substantial
	<ul> <li>b. Entity that</li> <li>engages in</li> <li>information</li> <li>technology activities</li> <li>(i.e., activities</li> <li>referred to in</li> <li>376(1)(h))</li> <li>[390(2)(a)]</li> </ul>	No.	Minister's approval, except where the conditions set out in section 5 of the <i>Information Technology</i> <i>Activities Regulations</i> are met (see class 6 below). [390(5)(d.1)]	investments activities. [390(3). With respect to substantial investment activities, see also section 1 of the ERIRs where the association does not control the entity] In addition, such an

entity cannot engage in deposit-taking. [390(3)]

c. Entity that	No.	No.
engages in		
other non-		
financial		
service		
activities that a		
retail		
association is		
permitted to		
engage under		
376:		
<ul> <li>managing,</li> </ul>		
holding		
or		
dealing		
with real		
property;		
<ul> <li>acting as</li> </ul>		
custodian		
of		
property		
on		
behalf of		
any		
person		
to whom		
the		
associatio		
may		
provide		
financial		
services;		
• managem	I	
advisory,		
education and		
certain		
other		
services		
to		
persons		
referred		
to in		

d. Entity that provides services to certain entities, so long as it provides those services to the association or the association's group, as defined in 386 (2). <u>3</u> [390(2)(c)]	No.	No.
e. Entity that engages in activities relating to promotion, sale delivery or distribution of financial services or products provided by certain entities. [390(2)(d)]	No.	Minister's approval. [390(5)(c)]

6. Prescribed entities An association may acquire control of, or acquire or increase a substantial investment in, an entity that engages in prescribed activities. [390(2)(f)]	Prescribed activities are set out in subsection 3(1) of the <i>Information</i> <i>Technology Activities</i> <i>Regulations</i> (the "IT Activities").	Neither the CCAA nor the Information Technology Activities Regulations impose control requirements with respect to the IT Activities.	Where an entity limits its activities to IT Activities, no approval of the Minister is required under 390(5)(e). <u>4</u> [section 5 of the Information Technology Activities Regulations]	In the case of an entity that engages in the IT Activities, the entity: • is subject to the same restrictions as loan companies in the areas of fiduciary, leasing, residential mortgage lending, dealing in goods, securities dealing and substantial investments activities; and • cannot engage in deposit-taking. [subsection 3(3) and section 4 of the <i>Information</i> <i>Technology</i> <i>Activities</i> <i>Regulations</i> ]
---	---	--	--	--

## Footnotes

- OSFI is of the view that this class refers to foreign regulated entities that are subject to regulatory regimes that are substantially similar to the ones applicable to equivalent Canadian entities listed in classes 1(a) or (b) above. For example, in order to be a class 1(c) entity, a foreign entity that primarily engages outside Canada in a business that, if carried on in Canada, would be the business of providing fiduciary services would have to be regulated in a substantially similar manner as a trust company referred to in paragraph 390(1)(c) or (e).
- 2 Depending on the circumstances, an entity's role as general partner of a limited partnership may also cause the entity to be a financial agent (class 3 above). In addition, OSFI generally views a general partner's nominal interest in a limited partnership as being ancillary to its general partner activities and, as a result, generally does not view a general partner as also being an investment holding entity (class 4 above) with regards to the limited partnership.
- 3 OSFI is of the view that if an OE engages in services referred to in paragraph 390(2)(c) and in another paragraph within 390(2), then the OE should be categorized under that other paragraph. For example, where an association seeks to acquire control of an OE that will provide information technology services exclusively to members of the association's group, that entity should be categorized as a 390(2)(a) entity rather than a 390(2)(c) entity. In such a case, the acquisition would require the Minister's approval under 390(5)(d.1), assuming the entity's services are not contemplated by the *Information Technology Activities Regulations*.
- <u>4</u> This is effectively an exception to the general approval requirement referred to in class 5(b) above.